# The Digital Services Act

Updating Europe's e-commerce rules

## Background

- The e-Commerce (2000) establishes harmonised rules on issues such as:
  - Transparency and information requirements for online service providers;
  - Commercial communications;
  - Electronic contracts and limitations of liability of intermediary service providers.
- The Digital Single Market Strategy (2015)
  - Objective to remove barriers to the free movement of persons, services and capital, and to ensure fair competition, a high level of consumer and personal data protection, irrespective of their nationality or place of residence.
  - Key initiatives: GDPR, copyright directive, AVMS, geoblocking, P2B
  - But... no revision of the e-commerce directive
  - However: growing focus on online platforms and illegal content online towards the end of the mandate

## The Digital Services Act

- Priority of the von der Leyen Commission to modernise the current legal framework for digital services, focusing on two main pillars
- Lead: Commissioners Vestager and Breton
- Timing: legislative proposal by Q1 2021
- Public consultation launched on June 3rd (deadline to contribute: 8 September)
- The Consultation is divided in two parts:
  - The evaluation of the E-commerce Directive and liability rules for digital services
  - The possible introduction of an ex-ante regulatory instrument to control the practices of dominant platforms with significant network effects acting as "gatekeepers"

#### The Digital Services Act

- In parallel, the **European Parliament** is currently drafting three own initiative reports on the DSA in the following committees:
- IMCO (Internal Market and Consumers)
  - Main report, leading on the country of origin principle and liability exemption
  - Compromise amendments to be finalised end August/early September
- JURI committee (Legal Affairs)
  - o Focus on commercial and civil law rules for commercial entities operating online
- LIBE committee (Civil Liberties, Justice and Home Affairs)
  - Focus on fundamental rights issues posed by the DSA.
- Timing of the reports: objective is to adopt the report at committee level in September and in plenary in October, in order to feed into the Commission's work

#### Key issues

What will be the key issues discussed in the DSA? (focus on IP)

- 1) Scope: clarification that the DSA applies to all actors targeting European consumers
- 2) Approach: horizontal approach or differentiation between different types of illegal content (physical goods vs digital content, harmful vs illegal)
- **3) KYBC**: reinforcement of identification requirements for business sellers. Key question will be whether and how to add an obligation for online platforms to verify the details of their sellers
- **4) Creation of an independent body**: what role (transparency, enforcement, both)? Financed by whom?
- **5)** Harmonisation of notice and takedown procedures: key issues for RHs are inclusion of staydown, « trusted flaggers », repeat infringers policy
- 6) « Duty of care » vs « Good Samaritan »: strong debate on the role and efficiency of proactive measures
- 7) Clarification of active vs passive: part of the broader need to clarify what type of obligations apply to whom
- 8) Definition of special rules for large platforms who have a gatekeeper role online